

Decision title

# **Procurement of Replacement Fireboats**

Recommendation by Decision Number

LFC-0150-D Assistant Director, Technical and Commercial

Protective marking: OFFICIAL

Publication status: Published with redactions

#### Summary

The Brigade's two fireboats have come to the end of their serviceable life and require replacing. Report LFC-0150 details the broad requirements, the procurement process and makes recommendations as to the replacement fireboats being procured.

#### Decision

The London Fire Commissioner approves the placement of orders under the vehicles and equipment contract with Babcock Emergency Services for: two fireboats for a sum not exceeding that contained in confidential Appendix A of report LFC-0150.

Dany Cotton OFSM

London Fire Commissioner

Date

10-07-19

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Report title

# **Procurement of Replacement Fireboats**

Report to	Date	
Commissioner's Board	27 March 2019	
Fire and Resilience Board	9 April 2019	
Report by	Report number	
Assistant Director, Technical and Commercial	LFC-0150	
Protective marking: <b>OFFICIAL</b>		
Publication status: Published with redactions		

#### **Summary**

The Brigade's two fireboats have come to the end of their serviceable life and require replacing. This report details the broad requirements, the procurement process and makes recommendations as to the replacement fireboats being procured.

#### **Recommended decisions**

The London Fire Commissioner to place orders under the vehicles and equipment contract with Babcock Emergency Services for:

Two fireboats for a sum not exceeding that contained in confidential Appendix A.

#### **Background**

- 1. The Brigade's two fireboats have come to the end of their serviceable life and require replacing. The current fireboats were purpose built with flat hulls but were fitted with engines that were designed for lower duty cycles than has proven necessary. Those engines have therefore proved very unreliable and are now out of manufacture, so cannot be replaced and much of the engine spares can no longer be sourced.
- 2. The LFEPA Resources Committee gave approval on 16<sup>th</sup> September 2016 (FEP 2650) for funding of the replacement of the two fireboats, funding was allocated for that purpose and was programmed in for the 2018-19 capital spend budget. Funding was also allocated in the 2017-18 capital spend budget for specification and expert consultancy fees.
- 3. Two independent reports were subsequently commissioned from Frazer Nash, a specialist consultancy company in the field of small maritime craft and engineering. The reports were commissioned to look at:
  - a) The feasibility and potential cost of replacement Fire Boats

- b) The options feasibility of alternative low emission fuels and power units noted in September Resources Committee report (FEP 2778 September 2017).
- 4. Both reports were received, and the first report concluded that the procurement of the fireboats to meet the Authority's draft outputs based specification within the agreed cost envelope was feasible. This sum aligned within the budget agreed by Members at the LFEPA Resources Committee on 16<sup>th</sup> September 2016 (FEP 2650).
- 5. The second report concluded that marine diesel fuelled engines are the only realistic and affordable option for the replacement boats. There are currently no emission restrictions nor any known plans to introduce emission controls for river craft in London. However, officers have pursued vessels with the most efficient and clean burning engines by ensuring that International Maritime Organisation (IMO) tier 3 engines have been specified as a requirement within the tender documents. IMO tier 3 is currently the most stringent emissions specification that is set by regulation for sea faring vessels in North America and parts of the North Sea. The specifications for IMO tier 3 regulations requires specific NOx reducing technologies similar to that of Euro 6 engines for road vehicles. Therefore, we have adopted this standard as best practice.

#### **Competitive Tendering Process**

- 6. An output-based specification (OBS) was submitted to Babcock, which was developed from the operational user requirement. Babcock subsequently worked with LFB Technical and Service Support managers to review and determine the Brigade's requirements. These requirements included the following;
  - Proven reliability and durability
  - Power units that do not have any restrictions on duty cycles
  - Safe craft that conform to PLA requirements
  - Ability to pump 7000 litres of water per minute to shore
  - Ability to travel at speeds of 30 knots at 80% throttle in order to give sufficient power and a good continuous cruising speed with IMO tier 3 compliant engines.
  - Ability to plane on the water when fully laden with normal crew numbers and a full complement of allocated equipment.
- 7. Initial market research carried out by Frazer Nash and Babcock indicated that it is likely that only three manufacturers have the capability to deliver to our requirements.
- 8. Babcock drew up a suitable competitive procurement process and agreed an evaluation process with LFB officers before going out to tender with the evaluation criteria scoring matrix of:
  - 60% technical capability
  - 30% value for money
  - 10% training/other commercials.
- 9. Subsequently, tenders were sought by Babcock, they have now received bids and are in the process of evaluating those tenders with the assistance of the LFB responsible Officer.

- 10. The Commissioner is requested to approve that Babcock accept the tender from the preferred bidder that is established from the evaluation process and place orders for the two replacement fireboats.
- 11. Subject to agreement to place procurement orders and this being completed in May 2019, the anticipated timeframe for delivery of the first fireboat is October 2020. Delivery of the second fireboat is anticipated to be during the April 2021.
- 12. The potential effects of a 'No Deal EU Exit' have been explored in relation to both this project and the Vehicles and Equipment contract in general. Mitigating plans to stockpile spares have been put in place by Babcock and suppliers to address potential business continuity issues that may be caused by any future import restrictions. However, due to the unknown nature of how the exit will progress, procurement elements around currency changes and financing are obviously more difficult to establish. In other projects we have been advised of a potential port levy of between 10% to 16% being introduced if the UK Government are unable to secure a Brexit agreement with the EU and we have subsequently been advising of an additional 16% contingency in funding. Further analysis is contained within Confidential Appendix A.

#### **Training**

13. A review of the operational differences between the existing fireboats and replacement fireboats will not take place until the orders have been placed. Therefore, the outcomes and training requirements will also not be known until that time. However, officers will be advising of the training requirements with the appropriate departments as soon as an evaluation of the of the training requirements has been undertaken. Whilst general familiarisation sessions are anticipated for staff that will crew the new vessels, we do not expect the training requirements to range far beyond that.

#### Finance comments

14. The finance comments are contained within confidential Appendix A.

#### **Workforce comments**

15. This report is simply in relation to two replacement fireboats, so there does not appear to be any requirement for industrial relations consultation on the issues raised within this report. Discussion with the trade unions on new equipment, and new training requirements, takes place in the project team forum and health and safety arena. To date, no formal debate has taken place on this matter in the IR arena.

#### Legal comments

- 16. Under section 9 of the Policing and Crime Act 2017, the London Fire Commissioner (the "Commissioner") is established as a corporation sole with the Mayor appointing the occupant of that office. Under section 327D of the GLA Act 1999, as amended by the Policing and Crime Act 2017, the Mayor may issue to the Commissioner specific or general directions as to the manner in which the holder of that office is to exercise his or her functions.
- 17. By direction dated 1 April 2018, the Mayor set out those matters, for which the Commissioner would require the prior approval of either the Mayor or the Deputy Mayor for Fire and Resilience (the "Deputy Mayor").
- 18. Paragraph (b) of Part 2 of the said direction requires the Commissioner to seek the prior approval of the Deputy Mayor before "[a] commitment to expenditure (capital or revenue) of £150,000 or above as identified in accordance with normal accounting practices...".

- 19. The Deputy Mayor's approval is accordingly required for the London Fire Commissioner to place orders with Babcock Emergency Services for the two replacement fireboats.
- 20. The statutory basis for the actions proposed in this report is provided by section 7 (2)(a) of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004, under which the Commissioner must secure the provision of personnel, services and equipment necessary to efficiently meet all normal requirements for firefighting.
- 21. Furthermore, under section 7 (2)(b) of the aforementioned Act the Commissioner must secure the provision of training for personnel.
- 22. The General Counsel also notes that the proposed procurement under the vehicles and equipment contract with Babcock Emergency Services is within the scope of services provided under the contract and is in compliance with the Public Contracts Regulations 2015.

#### **Sustainability implications**

- 23. At present there are currently no emission restrictions nor any known plans to introduce emission controls for river craft in London. However, the Mayor set out the intention to lead by example in the London Environment Strategy by supporting demonstrator projects for new technologies. As such, both of these new boats will be fitted with the cleanest and low emission power unit appropriate to the vessel requirements.
- 24. Paragraph 5 informs us that diesel engines are the only viable option at this time and that officers have pursued the most efficient and clean burning engines by ensuring that International Maritime Organisation (IMO) tier 3 engines have been specified as a requirement within the tender documents. IMO tier 3 is currently the most stringent emissions specification that is set by regulation for sea faring vessels in North America and parts of the North Sea. The specifications for IMO tier 3 regulations requires specific NOx reducing technologies similar to that of Euro 6 engines for road vehicles.
- 25. The innovative method of using ultrasonic antifouling technology is called for with the benefits of eliminating toxic chemical solutions.
- 26. It is a specified requirement that the design and throughout the boats' operating life, the suppliers must ensure that they minimise damage to the environment and use as much recyclable material as is reasonably possible. These points are included in the sustainability impacts assessment of the tender returns and are calculated and scored accordingly.

#### **Equalities implications**

- 27. The Public Sector Equality Duty applies to the London Fire Brigade when it makes decisions. The duty requires us to have regard to the need to:
  - a) Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other behaviour prohibited by the Act. In summary, the Act makes discrimination etc. on the grounds of a protected characteristic unlawful.
  - b) Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
  - c) Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not including tackling prejudice and

### promoting understanding.

- 28. The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership, race, religion or belief, gender, and sexual orientation. The Act states that 'marriage and civil partnership' is not a relevant protected characteristic for (b) or (c) although it is relevant for (a).
- 29. The Fireboats emergency response services are delivered in collaboration with the Royal Lifeboat Institution, the Metropolitan Police Service, The Port of London Authority and Transport for London to improve safety on the river for social, recreational and commercial users. Additionally, the Fireboats support events such as the perennial Boat Race, the Lord Mayor's pageant and the New Year Fireworks Display and community events such as the Second World War Dunkirk Rally and other pageantry events.
- 30. The equality impact assessment (EIA) indicates that the proposals in this report will not have a disproportionately adverse effect on any persons with a particular characteristic. This conclusion was based on the Output Based Specification (OBS) being written with the end users needs in mind. Therefore, the EIA determined that this vessel and its fixed equipment would be able to be operated by all staff in that user group, irrespective of whether or not they have a protected characteristic.
- 31. The tender specification requires that the design aims to eliminate any equalities issues and the tender evaluation process critically scores all EIA outcomes. The tender solutions received including initiative such as maximising automated functions, minimising onerous skill and training needs, maximising the intuitive nature and maximising the ease of use of all operator/user interface functions.
- 32. In addition, the contract with Babcock requires Babcock and any sub-contractor they may engage, to conform to equality legislation and LFB equalities protocol. Babcock also assess all of their providers approach to equality and ensure they are satisfied that they meet appropriate protocols, prior to them listing those companies as approved providers. Therefore, it is considered that there is an appropriate approach to equalities right through the supply chain in respect of this procurement.

#### **List of Appendices**

Appendix	Title	Protective Marking
Α.	Tender evaluation results In commercial confidence.	Official-Sensitive (Commercial)



## **APPENDIX** A (Page 1) – Official-Sensitive (Commercial)

# **Confidential Appendix A** Tender evaluation and cost breakdown Freedom of Information Act 2000

#### 43 Commercial interests

(2) Information is exempt information if its disclosure under this Act would, or would be likely to, prejudice the commercial interests of any person (including the public authority holding it).

#### **Recommended decision**

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# **APPENDIX** A (Page 2) – Official-Sensitive (Commercial)

**Confidential Appendix A** Tender evaluation and cost breakdown Freedom of Information Act 2000

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