



# Fire Safety Additional Training Costs

#### Report to:

Operational Delivery Board Commissioner's Board Deputy Mayor's Fire and Resilience Board Investment & Finance Board London Fire Commissioner **Date:** 20 July 2022

03 August 2022 31 August 2022 23 June 2022

#### Report by: Vicky Lowry, Deputy Head of Community Safety

**Report classification:** For decision

For publication

I agree the recommended decision below.

Andy Roe London Fire Commissioner

This decision was remotely Date signed on 08 December 2022

#### PART ONE Non-confidential facts and advice to the decision-maker

### **Executive Summary**

This report seeks approval from the Deputy Mayor and London Fire Commissioner (LFC) to commit to draw down funding from reserves and commit to expenditure for various fire safety training courses over a four-year period (from 2022/23 – 2025/26) to address imminent changes to Fire Safety legislation, specifically the Fire Safety (England) Regulations 2022 (commencing January 2023) and the Building Safety Act 2022 (noting the Building Safety Regulator regime is due to be phased in from April 2023 through to October 2024). Approval is sought for this to be in the form of a flexible spending envelope to allow the arrangement of training according to need. Several projects are collated into this report to allow oversight of interrelated training packages at the same time. If agreed, the recommendations set out within this report will allow Fire Safety Regulation to train and upskill London Fire Brigade (Brigade) staff to deliver Fire Safety checks, inspections, and consultations in line with the requirement of the National Occupational Standards, Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire & Rescue Services (HMICFRS) and Grenfell Inquiry recommendations. This will in turn allow the Brigade to deliver a better service to London, while ensuring robust internal assurance processes are in place.

## **Recommended Decisions**

## For the London Fire Commissioner

1. The London Fire Commissioner agrees to draw down £657,500 from reserves and commit revenue expenditure of up to £657,500 from the Home Office Protection Uplift Grant Fund for the purpose of training and upskilling of Brigade staff in fire safety in those matters set out in Table 1 of this report and delegates authority to the Assistant Director Procurement and Commercial to undertake the necessary procurements and sign the required contracts.

# 1 Introduction and background

- **1.1** The changes to the risks in the built environment in London which have been identified by Government and the National Fire Chiefs Council (NFCC) together with the findings of the Grenfell Tower Inquiry have increased the requirement on the Brigade to have highly trained staff who are qualified to National Occupational Standards, are accredited, and have access to robust Continued Professional Development (CPD). This is necessary to enable the Brigade to meet the requirements of the NFCC competency framework for Fire Safety Regulators and provide the prevention and protection activity that London requires.
- **1.2** The Brigade has a statutory obligation to ensure it can effectively enforce the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RRO) and support the forthcoming statutory Fire Safety Act and Building Safety Act.
- **1.3** Due to staff retiring and an increased demand for these skill sets in the public and private sector, Prevention and Protection lost 28 per cent of its staff in 2021 and has already lost a further 10 per cent in the first quarter of 2022. It is essential that the Brigade up-skill its remaining staff as the majority of these lost staff were highly trained and skilled officers. Although Prevention and Protection are continually working to address and reduce the attrition of staffing levels and increasing workloads, the Brigade must still recruit and train new staff.

- **1.4** The government requires Fire Safety Inspecting Officers to be professionally qualified to Level 4 Diploma level and accredited with a professional body. This is part of a government-wide training requirement to ensure Prevention and Protection staff are upskilled to the correct level to enable them to inspect the significant number of higher risk premises in London.
- **1.5** Due to the requirements that Fire Safety Regulators need to achieve recognised competence standards, it can take 18 to 24 months to fully train staff to Fire Safety Advisor level and a further 12 months for staff to complete the training to become a competent Fire Safety Inspecting Officer.
- **1.6** The Brigade is also required to train staff in preparation for the introduction of the Building Safety Regulator under the Building Safety Act (BSA) and will also need to train staff for other expected changes in fire safety legislation under both the BSA and Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.
- **1.7** The consequence of the increased requirements set out above is that extensive additional training needs to be commissioned. Existing contracts for training that the Brigade has in place with suppliers only have limited scope for the additional training requirements. Consequently, where existing contractual arrangements are not sufficient to meet the increased training requirements set out above the Brigade will either need to amend those contracts, within the limits imposed by the statutory procurement rules, or procure additional training services to fulfil the new training requirements.
- **1.8** The Commissioner has also made a commitment to upskill a number of operational staff with a fire safety qualification to enhance operational response/ professionalism which is reflected in the LFB Delivery Plan for 2022/2023.
- **1.9** The Brigade holds a substantial risk with regard to ensuring competency of staff regarding the built environment. This is one of the risks recorded under the heading of 'OD1' in the Corporate Risk Register and is currently showing as 'red'.
- **1.10** The recommendations in this report, if approved, would not only support Prevention & Protection but would also support other departments such as Procurement and Training & Development to be able to procure, design and deliver training to react quickly to the changing landscape.
- **1.11** Prevention and Protection are therefore seeking to be able to draw down £657,500 which will allow staff to be trained over a four-year period from the Home Office protection uplift grant fund for the purposes of training. This four-year period allows Prevention and Protection to train staff over a longer period on an 'as needed' basis (workforce planning assumptions may change over this time), as Training & Development have advised that the large number of station-based staff will not be able to be trained over a shorter period due to issues related to releasing them from operational duties.
- **1.12** The funding will come from the Home Office protection uplift grant fund currently held in reserves.
- **1.13** The Brigade will be reporting quarterly to the NFCC and Home Office on the training that has taken place using this funding.
- **1.14** Further reporting may be required subject to any additional unknown factors that may influence training requirements over and above those stated within this report, particularly with regard to the requirements for additional staff to support the Building Safety Regulator.
- **2** Objectives and expected outcomes

- **2.1** The objective is to improve the training and competence in fire safety within the Brigade. This will improve organisational confidence and reputation and enable the Brigade to implement the recommendations for improvements from the regulator.
- **2.2** The outcome of this would enable the Brigade to upskill all relevant staff with fire safety knowledge as well as a professional qualification. This will mean that the Brigade will be able to deliver a better service to London.
- **2.3** This report seeks approval for a funding envelope to procure and delivery fire safety training in the most efficient way.
- **2.4** Table 1 provides examples of the training required over the next four years, with professional estimates over £150,000:

Training	Detail	Estimated cost
Level 3i Introduction to Fire Safety, with the potential to offer Level 2 if this is adopted within the competency framework, which would provide better value for money.	A variation to the contract needs to be placed to increase the number of slots to enable station-based staff to be trained. The total value for this contract has exceeded 50 percent of the original contract and will therefore involve a new procurement process	£157,500
Level 3 Fire Safety, Level 4 Certificate and Level 4 Diploma in Fire Safety	To enable the Brigade to train Fire Safety Inspecting Officers and Senior Fire Safety Officers to the required standard. The Brigade will be required to go out to tender for a second two-year contract to run parallel with the existing training contract for these Skills for Justice qualifications.	£350,000
Master's Degree in Fire Engineering	To enable the Brigade to have an appropriately skilled Fire Engineering department – new tender. If LFB decide to stay with the same supplier and vary the contract this may exceed £150,000. Based on updated Government guidance, all existing Fire Engineers will now need to be qualified to Masters level.	£150,000
Total		£657,500

**2.5** In addition, further additional training may be required to react to the upcoming changes to fire safety legislation.

#### 3 Proposals

#### 3.1 Option 1

The Deputy Mayor for Fire and Resilience authorises the London Fire Commissioner to draw down  $\pounds$ 657,500 from reserves and commit to revenue expenditure of up to  $\pounds$ 657,500 from the Home Office Protection Uplift Grant Fund for four years (from 2022/23 to 2025/26) for the purpose of training and upskilling of Brigade staff in Fire Safety.

This LFC decision will only be taken after further consultation with the Greater London's Authority's finance and legal advisers and Corporate Investment Board.

The London Fire Commissioner agrees to draw down  $\pm 657,500$  from reserves and commit revenue expenditure of up to  $\pm 657,500$  from the Home Office Protection Uplift Grant Fund for four years for the purpose of training and upskilling of Brigade staff in Fire Safety.

If the money for these training courses is not fully spent, the remaining total will be moved back into reserves.

3.2 Option 2

To progress individual requests and requirements for training provision and expenditure where contracts exceed or will exceed  $\pounds$ 150,000 separately. Due to the changing legislative and training requirements a significant number of new contracts and variations to contracts are expected to be necessary with a consequent significant impact on training delivery.

To proceed with option 2 would risk limiting boards' and decision taker's ability to consider the wider organisational and budgetary impacts of the collected training requirements as each request would need to be submitted separately through the full governance process over a period of months. This could lead to challenges providing effective oversight and potentially delay the commissioning of the required courses creating an organisational risk.

# 4. Equality comments

- 4.1 The LFC and the Deputy Mayor for Fire and Resilience are required to have due regard to the Public Sector Equality Duty (section 149 of the Equality Act 2010) when taking decisions. This in broad terms involves understanding the potential impact of policy and decisions on different people, taking this into account and then evidencing how decisions were reached.
- 4.2 It is important to note that consideration of the Public Sector Equality Duty is not a one-off task. The duty must be fulfilled before taking a decision, at the time of taking a decision, and after the decision has been taken.
- 4.3 The protected characteristics are: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership (but only in respect of the requirements to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination), race (ethnic or national origins, colour or nationality), religion or belief (including lack of belief), sex, and sexual orientation.
- 4.4 The Public Sector Equality Duty requires decision-takers in the exercise of all their functions, to have due regard to the need to:
  - eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other prohibited conduct.
  - advance equality of opportunity between people who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
  - foster good relations between people who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
- 4.5 Having due regard to the need to advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves havingdue regard, in particular, to the need to:
  - remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by persons who share a relevant protected characteristic where those disadvantages are connected to that characteristic.
  - take steps to meet the needs of persons who share a relevant protected characteristic thatare different from the needs of persons who do not share it.
  - encourage persons who share a relevant protected characteristic to participate in publiclife or in any other activity in which participation by such persons is disproportionately low.
- 4.6 The steps involved in meeting the needs of disabled persons that are different from the needs of persons who are not disabled include, in particular, steps to take account of disabled persons' disabilities.

- 4.7 Having due regard to the need to foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to:
  - tackle prejudice
  - promote understanding.
- 4.8 An Equalities Impact Assessment (EIA) has been written to support this report. One potential adverse impact was identified in terms of neuro-diverse staff members. This impact has been mitigated by having mechanisms in place to identify issues and support candidates with their training through the use of reasonable adjustments.

# 5. Other considerations

### Workforce comments

5.1 There are implications for the workforce because they will need to be trained and pass the training in order to deliver the service to the standards required. This will upskill the staff and provide them with a professional qualification. The workforce will maintain these skills and qualification through regular supervision and CPD. This report has been sent to the unions for consultation and we are awaiting a response.

### Sustainability comments

5.2. This report does not introduce any new sustainability impacts. Where new policies and/or corporate projects arise, they are subject to the Brigade's sustainable development impact assessment process.

### **Communications comments**

5.3 Not applicable.

### **Procurement comments**

- 5.4 The contents of this report have been discussed with Procurement and Learning & Development.
- 5.5 New requirements for fire safety training will be considered in the context of existing LFB contracts and whether there is scope to meet the requirement. Fire safety requirements that are new or exceed the scope of existing contracts and are over the £10,000 threshold will be subject to a formal tender process.

# 6 Financial comments

- 6.4 This report recommends that revenue expenditure of £657,500 is agreed for training and upskilling Brigade staff in Fire safety over the period 2022/23 to 2025/26. The report recommends that this cost is funded through a draw against the Home Office grant for Protection Uplift, which is held in the Fire Safety and Youth Engagement Reserve. That reserve has a forecast closing balance of £4,528,000 at the end of the 2022/23 financial year.
- 6.5 The Board is asked to note that the LFC is required to provide regular returns to the Home Office on the use of the grant, and the agreement to the proposals in this report will demonstrate further progress.

# 7 Legal comments

- 7.1 Under section 9 of the Policing and Crime Act 2017, the London Fire Commissioner (the "Commissioner") is established as a corporation sole with the Mayor appointing the occupant of that office
- 7.2 In accordance with Sections 5A of the Fire and Rescue Services Act (FRSA) 2004, the Commissioner, being a 'relevant authority,' may do "anything it considers appropriate for the purposes of the carrying out of any of its functions..."and in accordance with articles 25 and 26 of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (the "RRO") the Commissioner is the enforcing authority for Greater London and must enforce the provisions of the RRO. The Commissioner carries out the above duty by appointing fire safety inspecting officers.
- 7.3 The Commissioner must also have regard to the Regulators Code (the "Code") made under the Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006 in enforcing the Order. This includes a duty to ensure enforcing officers have the necessary knowledge and skills to support those they regulate. The Commissioner should therefore assure himself that Fire Safety Inspecting Officers and others supporting enforcement work have appropriate training and experience to align with the requirements of the Code. This report sets out additional training requirements and related expenditure required to comply with the requirements of the Code.
- 7.4 Under the Commissioner's Scheme of Governance, the following decisions are reserved to the Commissioner:

A commitment to expenditure (capital or revenue) and business or commercial arrangements with a value of  $\pm$ 150k and above.

- 7.5 The Commissioner may also approve spending below that value at his discretion, the expenditure identified in Table 2 of this report therefore may be approved by the Commissioner.
- 7.6 The Commissioner may also approve the movement of sums from reserves or from a Government Grant into departmental budgets at his discretion and may delegate to one of his officers authorities to conduct a procurement and enter into contract with an external supplier of services.
- 7.7 By direction dated 1 April 2018, the Mayor set out those matters, for which the Commissioner would require the prior approval of either the Mayor or the Deputy Mayor for Fire and Resilience (the "Deputy Mayor"). Paragraph (b) of Part 2 of the said direction requires the Commissioner to seek the prior approval of the Deputy Mayor before "[a] commitment to expenditure (capital or revenue) of £150,000 or above as identified in accordance with normal accounting practices...".
- 7.8 The Deputy Mayor's approval is accordingly required for the London Fire Commissioner to expend the monies requested in Table 1 of this report as each proposed expenditure exceeds that threshold.
- 7.9 All procurement activity will be undertaken in accordance with the Commissioner's Standing Orders on Procurement and The Public Contracts Regulations 2015.

### List of appendices

	Appendix	Title	Open or confidential*
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1	Equalities Impact Assessment	Open
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# Part two confidentiality

Only the facts or advice considered to be exempt from disclosure under the FOI Act should be in the separate Part Two form, together with the legal rationale for non-publication.

Is there a Part Two form: No



# Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) Form

The **purpose** of an EIA is to give **as much information as possible** about potential equality impacts, to demonstrate we meet our **legal duties** under the Equality Act 2010.

Please read the EIA Guidance on Hotwire before completing this form.

Once you open the template please save it on your OneDrive or SharePoint site. Do not open the template, fill it in and then click Save as this will override the template on Hotwire.

What is the name of the policy, project, decision or activity?
Fire Safety Additional Training Costs

Overall Equality Impact of this policy, project, decision or activity (see instructions at end of **EIA to complete**):

High	Medium	х	Low	
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2. Contact details	
Name of EIA author	Sue Naylor
Department and Team	Prevention and Protection
Date of EIA	01/07/2022

3. Aim and Purpose	
What is the aim and purpose of the policy, project, decision or activity?	The aim of this paper is to request overarching governance from the Deputy Mayor and the London Fire Commissioner to allow Prevention and Protection to spend up £800,000 within a funding envelope over a four year period on further training and Continuous Professional Development (CPD) for both FRS and Operational staffing groups in relation to Protection (fire safety regulation) roles and activities. This spend will come from the Home Office Protection Funding Grant and will be subject to restrictions as laid out in the acceptance letter. This money will only be spent following LFB's signed acceptance of the grant funding together with the conditions of the spend being met following the 22/23 Grant Fund projected spend submission being approved



#### LONDON FIRE BRIGADE

Who is affected by this	In the main, this will affect staff from within Prevention and Protection
work (all staff, specific	undertaking job roles that fulfil the statutory function of fire Safety:
department, wider	Fire Safety Advisors (FRS C), Fire Safety Inspecting Officers (FRS D,
communities?)	SubO , StnO), Fire Safety Team Leaders (FRS E, SC), Senior Fire
	Safety Officers (StnO, SC, GC, DAC) together with LFFs undertaking
	additional fire safety courses under the commitments to improve fire
	safety knowledge of station based staff as detailed in the Delivery
	Plan 22/23 and following the Grenfell Tower Inquiry (GTI).

<b>4. Equality considerations:</b> the EIA must be based on evidence and information.				
What consultation has taken place to support you to predict the equality impacts of this work?	Management and Trade Unions were consulted at both inception of the paper and once drafted As part of the contract tendering and ongoing maintenance of the training process training providers need to demonstrate/evidence they have processes in place to deal with issues that arise. The Cultural Awareness team provided input into the assessing of the tender bid of the selected supplier as part of wider GLA Group collaborative procurement.			



# 5. Assessing Equality Impacts

Use this section to record the impact this policy, project, decision or activity might have on people who have characteristics which are protected by the Equality Act.

Protected Characteristic	Impact: positive, neutral or adverse	Reason for the impact	What information have you used to come to this conclusion?
Example: Age	Adverse	Moving this service online will adversely affect older people, who are least likely to have access to a computer or smart phone and may not be able to use the new service.	GLA Datastore: X% of the London community are aged 70 or over. GLA data shows that only 10% of those over the age of 70 have regular access to a computer or smart phone.
Age (younger, older or particular age group)	Neutral	A number of these courses can be delivered online which can cause use issues for some members of staff A few staff have IT issues annotating the plans using the computer.	The Learning and development team keep up to date on this information and consider this when populating training courses. If they are made aware of issues relating to age, then support is offered to help resolve the situation, an example of support could be 1-2-1 inputs. Following feedback and evaluation of past and current training providers, we ensure that the supplier runs practices session on how to get on to the virtual classroom in which the course could be held to assess the students who have learnt in this environment before. The suppliers must a have a support system in place to assess the students; this is part of the contract. The Prevention and Protection Learning and Development Team provide support to staff with formatting, completing and submitting the assessment and format it correctly. They are also



Disskility	Neutral		able to support candidates in and how to be uploading the submissions correctly onto the supplier's IT system. If the student is unable to annotate the plans with the required information, there is the provision in place do this manually and scan them onto the providers IT system. This ensuring that all staff are able to undertake and submit work in order to progress their training/qualification status.
Disability (physical, sensory, mental health, learning disability, long term illness, hidden)	Neutral	LFB has documented that we have staff within the affected groups that have neuro diversity conditions which could impact on their learning and ability to pass the qualification.	Prevention and protection staff are aware of members of staff who have declared they have a disability. There is an additional proportion of staff who not formally declare they have a disability to LFB, but they are known to the brigade Learning support team. The Learning and development Team in prevention and protection work closely with the Learning support team to make reasonable adjustments for staff. All existing and future training contracts ensure that providers comply and are part of the new reasonable adjustment passport system. We monitor the makeup of people who go on the courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. If the student has a prior diagnosis of a neuro diverse condition, then reasonable adjustments that have been recommended by the Learning support team will be put in place by the training provider. LFB ensures that as part of the contract the training provider's training staff must have attended a neuro diversity course in order to recognise potential identifiers together with their



<b>Gender reassignment</b> (someone proposing to/undergoing/ undergone a transition from one gender to another)	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	duty to report to LFB if they have identified a student who is showing neuro diverse signs so that the LFB can provide the necessary support The students attending course are supported by the prevention and protection learning and development team. Quality assurance of the courses is undertaken to ensure that staff who either going through or have been gender reassigned are treated fairly and that the supplier does not discriminate against them in any way either by language or actions in the learning setting. We monitor the makeup of people who go on the courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. The training suppliers are fully aware of the LFB expectation of the language regarding this subject
			to be used and that the LFB will take action if this is not adhered to. Failure to do this could result in the supplier losing the training contract.
<b>Marriage / Civil Partnership</b> (married as well as same-sex couples)	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	The training suppliers are fully aware of the LFB expectation of the language regarding this subject to be used and that the LFB will take action if this is not adhered to. Failure to do this could result in the supplier losing the training contract.
Pregnancy and Maternity	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	The prevention and protection learning and development team ensure that locations used by providers are risk assessed to ensure they are suitable for pregnant members of staff and a PEEP is part of the risk assessment for the training course.



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<b>Race</b> (including nationality,	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure	We monitor the makeup of people who go on the courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. The prevention and protection learning and
colour, national and/or ethnic origins)		that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	development team monitor the makeup of people who go onto courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. Through our quality assurance process the department also check the media and other sources to ensure the suppliers are complying with the LFB expectations as per the contract when dealing with other originations or companies. If we identify any external unacceptable behaviour, the prevention and protection learning and development team contact the supplier so it can be investigated and the LFB can decide if they wish to terminate the contract on the basis of the evidence.
<b>Religion or Belief</b> (people of any religion, or no religion, or people who follow a particular belief (not political)	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	We monitor the makeup of people who go onto courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up, and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. If the course is held in the supplier venue, they must supply a suitable quite space for any religious requirements to be met. The supplier will make reasonable allowances for religious beliefs. The training suppliers are fully aware of the LFB expectation of the language



			regarding this subject to be used and that the LFB will take action if this is not adhered to and this could result in the supplier losing the training contract.
<b>Sex</b> (men and women)	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	We monitor the makeup of people who go onto courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up, and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity.
<b>Sexual Orientation</b> (straight, bi, gay and lesbian people)	Neutral	No impact identified but are aware of the need to ensure that appropriate measures are put in place that do not adversely affect people under this characteristic, i.e monitor how we identify who/when people are allocated onto courses	We monitor the makeup of people who go onto courses to ensure that we can demonstrate this is representative of our staff make up, and that no group is adversely discriminated against by lack of opportunity. The training suppliers are fully aware of the LFB expectations on the type and use of the acceptable language. The LFB will take action if this is not adhered to and this could result in the supplier losing the training contract. An example of the LFB ensuring this happened is that a number of the Fire Safety qualifications are awarded by Skills for Justices, we drew it to our suppliers attention that when the awarding body asked for sexual orientation LFB staff could only put Male or Female. The supplier worked with the LFB and this has now been changed to include non-binary as an option.

6. Impacts outside the Equality Act 2010 What other groups might be affected by this policy, project, decision or activity?



Consider the impact on: carers, parents, non-binary people, people with learning difficulties, neurodiverse people, people with dyslexia, autism, care leavers, exoffenders, people living in areas of disadvantage, homeless people, people on low income / in poverty.

This will not affect any other group

7. Legal duties under the Public Sector Equality Duty (s149 Equality Act 2010) How does this work help LFB to:										
Eliminate discrimination?	By putting in reasonable adjustments and ensuring the training supplier must comply with the LFB expectations. This means LFB can eliminate discrimination. To ensure this is happening Fire Safety put in place quality assurance process such as level 1 feedback forms and an open feedback process from the students. As well as this we have regular meetings with the supplier									
Advance equality of opportunity between different groups?	Everyone on the course has the same opportunities.									
Foster good relations between different groups?	When the staff attend open courses they get to meet other people within the sector. This provides better understanding of how different organisation work in that arena									

8. Mitigating and justifying impacts													
Where an <b>adverse</b> impact has been identified, what steps are being taken to <b>mitigate</b> it? If you're unable to mitigate it, is it <b>justified</b> ?													
Characteristic with potential adverse impact (e.g. age, disability)	Action being taken to mitigate or justify Lead person responsible f												
Neuro Diversity	Reasonable adjustments and mechanisms in place to identify and support candidates through their training.	Sue Naylor											



## Now complete the RAG rating at the top of page 1:

High: as a result of this EIA there is evidence of significant adverse impact. This activity should be stopped until further work is done to mitigate the impact.

**Medium:** as a result of this EIA there is potential adverse impact against one or more groups. The risk of impact may be removed or reduced by implementing the actions identified in box 8 above.

Low: as a result of this EIA there are no adverse impacts predicted. No further actions are recommended at this stage.

## **Document Control**

Signed (lead for EIA / action plan)	Sue Naylor		Date	04/07/2022
Sign off by Inclusion Team			Date	
Stored by				
Links				
External publication	Are you happy for this EIA to be published externally?	Yes 🛛	No 🗆	
			If No state why:	

North and South FSD	) Team																
		Ge	nder		Ethn	icity				Sexu	ality		Disability				
Occupational Group	Total	Female		BA	ME	Not Known		LGB		Prefer not to say		Not Provided		Ye	es	Prefer not to say	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
FRS Staff	126	36	28.57%	32	25.40%	4	3.17%	6	4.76%	5	3.97%	22	17.46%	17	13.49%	1	1.59%
Operational Staff	28	3	10.71%	3	10.71%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	1	3.57%	8	28.57%	6	21.43%	0	0.00%
Total	154	39	25.32%	35	22.73%	4	2.60%	6	3.90%	6	3.90%	30	19.48%	23	14.94%	1	1.27%

North and South FSD	orth and South FSD Team																
		AGE GROUP															
<b>Occupational Group</b>	Total	Under 20		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-54		55-59		60-64		65+	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
FRS Staff	126	1	0.79%	31	24.60%	29	23.02%	22	17.46%	12	9.52%	15	11.90%	14	11.11%	2	1.59%
Operational Staff	28	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	13	46.43%	12	42.86%	2	7.14%	1	3.57%	0	0.00%
Total	154	1	0.65%	31	20.13%	29	18.83%	35	22.73%	24	15.58%	17	11 <b>.0</b> 4%	15	9.74%	2	1.30%

North and South FSE	orth and South FSD Team																				
Occupational Group Total		Bud	Buddhist		Christian		Hindu		Jewish		Muslim		Sikh		No Religion		Prefer not to say		Not Provided		her
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
FRS Staff	154	4	2.38%	34	37.30%	29	1.59%	22	0.79%	13	3.17%	23	2.38%	20	36.51%	2	6.35%	0	8.73%	1	1.59%
Operational Staff	182	39	2.60%	35	32.14%	4	0.00%	19	0.00%	18	0.00%	32	0.00%	24	35.71%	1	0.00%	0	28.57%	0	0.00%
Total	154	43	2.60%	69	36.36%	33	1.30%	41	0.65%	31	2.60%	55	1.95%	44	36.36%	3	5.19%	0	12.34%	1	1.27%